Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





SPRING CATALOG 1950

c. 34.66 AR L3 & R.1950 S. POSTAGE PAID
TASK Programment SHE Agriculture

LYNN TUTTLE NURSERY

TENTH AND DIAGONAL . CLARKSTON, WASH.

Better and Hardier Varieties of Fruit and Nut Trees

Grafted Black Walnut Heartnut

Schafer Walnut (Plant Pat. 494) Mahan Pecan

SCHAFER WALNUT

(Plant patent No. 494)

HISTORY:

For untold centuries the so-called "English" or "Persian" walnuts (Juglans Regia) have grown in most parts of Europe and Asia to latitudes as far north as 55 degrees and to altitudes of 6,000 feet. Their northern spread is 6,000 miles from Copenhagen to Manchukuo. Poland, the Carpathian mountains and the Russian Ukraine have many fine trees, Just where these came from we are not sure but very likely the Magyars brought them with them from what is now Manchukuo in the 9th century or in previous invasions. For untold centuries the so-called "English" or

century or in previous invasions.

Trees from these cold areas must, of necessity, grow fast in the spring and early summer and must mature their crop and wood early in the fall. All cold-country walnuts (from north China, Russia or Polard) seem to have these characteristics, in contrast to the ones brought to this country from France, Italy or southern Germany. It is unfortunate that we did not have good introductions from the

cold sections earlier.

The Schafer Walnut comes from the northern edge of the Carpathian mountains near Bukowina, edge of the Carpathian mountains near Bukowina, latitude 48 degrees north, longitude 26 degrees east, about 60 miles south-west from Cernauti. This is at considerable altitude with winter temperatures dropping to 40 or 50 degrees below zero. A very severe climate. Winter and summer isotherms would indicate temperatures like northern Montana. The ground freezes deeply.

INHERENT FACTORS IN HARDINESS:

- 1. Schafer Walnut trees mature their note a month earlier than either Black Walnuts or most English types. Thus nitrates and other plant foods drained from the woody tissues to develope nuts can be replenished before winter dormancy. Trees, like cattle, should go into winter well fed.
- 2. Schafer trees mature their buds and wood about with Black Walnuts and well ahead of Franquette in this way minimizing danger from early fall
- 3. Although most soft-fruit buds, especially peach and apricot, swell badly during warm spells in winter, SCHAFER buds have shown no tendency to break their winter rest period until ready to bounce out into leaf. With us this is when peaches are in full bloom. This so-called dormancy is important in regions of variable winter temperatures.
- 4. The chemistry of plant cells and stored foods is 4. The chemistry of plant cells and stored foods is imperfectly understood but we do know that plants having a "balanced ration" of food, including water, throughout the growing season are much less susceptible to winter injury. What may be called "winter injury" in plants of inherent hardiness is frequently the result of summer-injury or food deficiences.

THE WALNUT PLANTING:

A planting of walnuts made 60' square will require 12 trees to the acre. An interplanting of peaches 20' apart would require 96 trees per acre. This is good practice.

DESCRIPTION:

Tree-Rapid grower, tall and spreading.

Nuts-Large. Thin-shelled. Quality excellent. Very full-meated

Bearing-Bears young, annually and abundantly.

Quality—Excellent. Considered by many as superior to Franquette.

GENERAL:

The valuable Circassian Walnut timber used in furniture manufacture is from the walnut trees of this type. Most of this lumber has come from the this type. Most of this lumber has come from the Caucasus Mountain region lying between the Black

We estimate a yearly return of from 100 to 300 lbs. of nuts per tree at ten years of age.

Besides being a profitable orchard tree the Schafer Walnut is most desirable as an ornamental. Its rich, rather glossy foliage and symmetry of growth adapts it to almost any type of planting. A combination of beauty, pleasure and profit.

Our Schafer trees are budded or grafted on Black Walnut roots from one to four feet above the ground line. While measurement is from the ground line, actual grading is based on caliper

RED BARTLETT

(Patented) A True Bartlett Pear

but

As Red As a Red Apple

Should demand a high price in fresh fruit markets. \$2.00 each.

CARDINAL GRAPE

Cross of Ribier and Tokay. Big cardinal coored grape. Early ripening and slight Muscat flavor. U. S. D. A. Price \$1.25 each.

STRAWBERRIES WITHOUT RUNNERS

Rockhill Everbearing

New. Bears first year. Attractive plants growing in a low mound with lots of luscious berries. Priced on back page.

PLANT WALNUTS FOR FUTURE SECURITY EAT THEM FOR HEALTH

SCHAFER WALNUT TREES (grafted) (plant patent #494)

Shipped express F. O. B. Lewiston, Idaho. Under 4' height \$ 5.00 each

 4-6' height
 6.00 each

 6-8' height
 7.50 each

 8-10' height
 10.00

 10% discount on a dozen or more trees.

SETTING WALNUTS

It is advisable to put a heavy stake on the southwest side of walnut trees when planting. This protects the stem from the hot sun, holds tree erect, and saves many accidents. Keep the ground surface mulched and when watering be sure water goes down to the depth of the roots.

IDARED APPLE

A Gorgeous Apple

Quality of Jonathan. Size of Rome. Keeps like a Winesap (See description.) \$2.00 each.

PARSONS SWEET ITALIAN PRUNE

Pat. No. 872

Earlier ripening and much sweeter than Italian, Very promising commercially. Wonderful dryer. \$2.00 each.

Write for Quantity Rates

BLUEBERRIES

The large improved blueberries do well if soil is kept acid and plants kept mulched. Price includes acidifier. Two or more varieties necessary, \$2.00 each.

GOLDO APPLE

Midsummer, when good, firm apples are scarce. Young and heavy producers. \$2.00 each.

In our quest for better varieties we have examined many seedlings and bud sports and are testing the ones that show genuine promise. Whether in fruits or men, "there is always room at the top." If you have something outstanding write us about it.

THIN-SHELLED BLACK WALNUTS

Grafted Trees

The thin-shelled varieties of American Black Walnuts are selections from the best of our native nuts. They have about twice the proportion of meat as the ordinary black walnuts. Most trees will bear the third year after planting. We list some of the best varieties

THOMAS—A large nut cracking out about 90% halves and quarters. MEAT—light-colored, mild flavored and very fine. TREE—tall, very rapid grower. Tends to alternate production.

MONTERY — A long shaped nut well filled with delicious, light-colored meat.

Grafted walnuts bear early, usually the third year after planting. Production increases rapidly.

Meats in large pieces and of uniform quality are very much in demand at good prices. The in-dustry is new and growing. Few good nuts or quality meats of black walnuts are on the market.

There is a ready market for these good nuts

For permanent trees we suggest you plant 60 feet apart or 12 trees per acre. Interplant with Wahlbert peaches, 96 trees per acre. Fence row planting may be closer.

3 to 4 foot trees, \$3.50 each. 4 to 6 foot trees, \$4.50 each.

OTHER NUT VARIETIES

FILBERTS or HAZELNUTS

Filberts, as grown commercially, are selected varieties of European or hybrid origin. They are much larger than our native American hazels. They much larger than our native American hazeis. They do well in many parts of the country and are good producers. It is necessary to plant at least two varieties for good pollination and three are perhaps better. Barcelona and Daviana do well together. DuChilly is also a fine nut and many growers use the three varieties. 4 foot trees, \$1.50 each.

CHESTNUTS

The greatest development in Chestnuts has been in the introduction of Chinese strains. These are not only an improvement in quality over the native American and the European Chestnuts but are American and the European Chestnuts but are hardier, and blight resistant as well. For this reason we are progagating only the Chinese Chestnuts. These are grown from selections made by The U. S. D. A. experiment stations. Chinese Chestnuts are sweet and rich and usually the nut comes entirely free from the inner skin or pellicle. Chestnuts rival corn in food value produced per acre. Plant 30' apart. Plant two or more trees. 3-4' trees \$2.50 each trees \$2.50 each.

ALMONDS:

Almonds do well here. With us they are of about the same hardiness as peaches but are a little more susceptible to early spring or late fall injury. We handle varieties that do well in most peach areas. Two or more varieties are necessary for cross-pollination. 4-6' trees \$2.00 each.

The sensational new Mahan Pecan is largely replacing other varieties. It is a beautiful tree and requires no pollenizer. Grafted trees 4-6' trees \$6.00 each.

WAHLBERT PEACH

Hardiness, Color, Quality, Firmness, Productivity Has never missed a crop.

DWARF FRUIT TREES

Apple—Yellow Delicious, Red Delicious. Pears— Bartlett, Comice. Peaches—J. H. Hale, Imp. Elberta. Prune—Italian. Cherry—Montmorency, Royal Anne, Bing.

Dwarf trees produce full sized fruit on small trees. Bear very young. Fine for backyards.

FORSYTHIA-Very early. Profusion of yellow

FLOWERING QUINCE-Glossy leaves. Waxlike bloom. Red and pink. Special varieties, \$2.50 each. Standard varieties, \$1.00.

SPIREAS-Favorite shrubs. White, red and pink

SORBARIA OR FALSE SPIREA—Leaves out very early. Attractive, fluffy heads of white

TAMARIX-Tall shrubs with feathery foliage. For background and specimen planting.

varieties. Always good.

very early. flowers follow.

Caliper 3/2 to 1/2" \$2.50 each

FLOWERING SHRUBS

We have selected a few choice shrubs that will do well under most conditions. These are well branched, good sized plants, averaging about 3' in height but varying with variety, type, and rapidity of growth. Price \$1.00 each except as indicated.

ALMOND-Profuse blooming, pink or white, flowering. Early in spring.

ALTHEA-Erect growing, tall, with large flowers. August, \$1.50 each.

BEAUTYBUSH, KALKWITZIA-Graceful. Pink flowers in May,

BUTTERFLY BUSH, BUDDELIA-Lovely, long spikes of color.

CORALBERRY-Small pink flowers, red fruit.

VIBURNUM CARLESI — (Fragrant Vivurnum)
Large fragrant bloom. Pink. Balled plants 18-24" \$3.50 each.

WYGELIA—Red or pink flowering. Excell shrubs for general purposes. May and June. KERRIA—Double yellow. Blooms early. Shrubs for general purposes. May and June. CLARK'S GIANT LILAC—Pat. No. 754—A phenomenal new lilac with immense blooms and rich foliage. Sky-blue. \$4.50 each.

Azalia and Magnolia

These deciduous varieties are quite hardy. They prefer an acid soil. Should be kept well mulched with peat moss.

AZALIA: With buds. Balled. Mollis—Apricot yellow flowers. Altaclare—Copper-yellow flowers. 15-18" size, with buds \$3.50 each. MAGNOLIA: With buds. Balled. Soulangeana-White, tinted with purple. \$7.50-\$12.00 each according to variety and sizes.

BROAD LEAF EVERGREENS

Most of the broad-leaf evergreens are somewhat tender. These are some of the hardiest in their class and the best for the Inland Empire.

HOLLY. 18"-24" \$6.50 each American-Red berried Christmas holly.

Perney Holly — Semi-dwarf Chinese Holly, abundant red berries. 18"-24", \$5.00 each.

LAUREL—Zabeli — A hardy laurel with long spikes of scented, white bloom. A rare, new variety of merit. 12"-15", \$2.50 each.

LAUREL—PORTUGAL:
Hardy, Stands dense shade. Red twigs and shiny leaves. 12-15", \$2.50 each.

Cotoneaster Horizontals-Low spreading with

bright red berries. 18".24", \$3.50 each.

PYRACANTHA—Govt. Red. A U. S. D. A. selection having abundant foliage and bright red berries. Heavy branched 18-24" \$4.00 each.

DAPHNE CNEORUM-Low-growing with pink bloom of great fragrance in spring and fall.
9"-12" \$2.00 each.

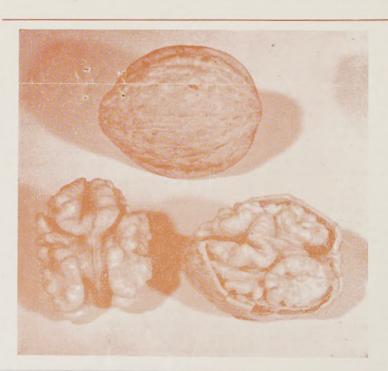
MEDITERRANEAN HEATHER - Creeping Heath. Hardy, winter and spring blooming heather. Flowers bright carmen-red. 12"-15" \$2.50 each.

BOXWOOD:

Truetree—Qui't dense. Upright growth. 30"-36" \$6.00 each.

Truedwarf—Very dense and slow growing. Excellent for borders. 7-year plants 12"-15" \$3.50.

SEE OUR EVERGREENS AND ORNAMENT-ALS. NOT ALL ARE LISTED.



SCHAFER

(Plant Patent No. 494)

The Hardy Bukowinan Walnut

. NUT TREES

for BEAUTY PROFIT **PLEASURE**

SCHAFER WALNUT

Bears Heavier Than Any We Know

FRUIT TREES

Listed in approximate ripening order RELATIVE RIPENING DATES VARY ACCORDING TO SEASON, LOCATION, AND CONDITION

CRIMSON BEAUTY (Early Red Bird)-Fine, hardy, productive, larger than Transparent and 10 days earlier.

LODI-Of better size and more a regular bearer than Transparent. Replacing that variety. An "improved Transparent."

GOLDO — A midsummer apple to follow Transparent. Productive, meaty, good cooking or eating. Keeps remarkably well for a summer apple. Comes on when good apples are really scarce.

WILSON'S RED JUNE-Rich in color and tasty. An improved Red June.

RED GRAVENSTEIN-Fine cooking and

IDARED-

This fine apple is a selection of Dr. Leif Verner of the University of Idaho. It represents years of apple breeding and selection. Quality is equal to Jonothan, size considerably larger, coloring excellent. It is a late keeper, a most promising addition to the first class winter apples. Bears young and abundantly. \$2.00 each.

WINTER BANANA—Very desirable cooking

DARK JONATHAN -- Colors deeply and

JONATHAN-Red striped, fine for every use. RED DELICIOUS - High-color, aromatic, choice eating

YELLOW DELICIOUS—Cooking and eat-ing. Popular. Productive, excellent. ROME BEAUTY (Red)—Fine eater. Grand

baker.

WINESAP-Winter eater and cooker, red. DARK WINESAP-Earlier coloring.

YELLOW NEWTOWN (Newtown Pippin)-Greenish-yellow, keeper.

CRAB APPLES-

WHITNEY-Large, red stripe, good. SIBERIAN-Hardy, productive.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE-A fine, large, home orchard pear.

BARTLETT-Favorite for eating and canning, juicy, buttery.

FLEMISH BEAUTY-Large, productive, quality.

GORHAM-Bartlett type but later and keeps months longer.
D'ANJOU-Splendid winter eating pear.

BOSC-Large, long-neck, late dessert pear.

PEACHES—(*) Indicates hardiest varieties.

(Y. F.—Abbreviation, yellow freestone.)
*MAY FLOWER—Dessert peach, white flesh.

RED HAVEN—Y. F. A real addition to early peaches and attracting attention wherever peaches are grown. Fine quality and color.

GOLDEN JUBILEE-Y. F., fairly firm, splendid tree and fruit.

HALO-Sold out.

HALE HAVEN-Medium size, productive, very well liked for all purposes.

**WAHLBERT-Sold out

EARLY GOLDEN ELBERTA (Improved Elberta)—Y. F. Hardy and good.

ELBERTA—Y. F., standard freestone canner.

ORANGE CLING—Productive and good can-

GOLDEN HALE-Sold out.

cial peaches: large, handsome canner.
*INDIAN CLING—Red flesh; used extensively

for pickling.

KING TUTT—Sold out.

MERRILL DELICIOUS—Y. F. Patent applied for. Exceptional early peach of wonderful flavor. Price \$1.75 each.

SALWAY-Slicing or canning; rather mild. APRICOTS-

EARLY CHINESE-Fine, hardy, productive. Not large, but a great favorite.

PERFECTION—This new cot is proving to be one of the best. Large size, rich yellow, uni-form ripening, firm for handling, shipping.

WENATCHEE (Wenatchee Moorpark)-Very large, commercial.

BLENHEIM-Excellent quality, medium size, productive

TILTON-One of best commercial canners.

CHERRIES—Sweet.

TARTARIAN-Medium sweet, dark, juicy. ROYAL ANNE-Commercial canner.

BING-Large, dark, shipper.

LAMBERT-Large, dark, fine tree.

BLACK REPUBLICAN-Large, black, firm. Note: Use Deacon, Tartarian or Black Republican for pollenizers with Lambert, Bing or Royal

Anne. CHERRIES—Sour.

MAY DUKE-Large, early, favorite.

MONTMORENCY-Large, light red, stand-

LATE DUKE-Large, dark red, fine, late.

PLUMS AND PRUNES-

In 1951 we expect to introduce a new Italian prune that is even earlier than De Maris and a

SANTA ROSA-Excellent, early shipper. Demands top prices everywhere.

PEACH PLUM-Large, purple-red, excellent

EARLY ITALIAN (De Maris strain)—Similar to Italian but two weeks earlier. Commercially very profitable.

WEATHERSPOON-Colors early, does not fall, large and good for shipping.

RED ACE—A round dessert plum, red all the way through. Unsurpassed for quality. Good shipper.

ITALIAN-The standard prune of the N. W. Excellent for eating fresh, drying or can-

ning or shipping.
DOUBLE X FRENCH—An improved Petite,

very sweet. DAMSON—Small, dark blue, tart, cooking and preserves.

EMILY—This new plum is very similar to President but 10 days earlier. Of excellent flavor and quality, well colored. Splendid for eating, canning or shipping.

PRESIDENT-Commands a fine price on all markets. Follows Italian prune on markets and sells considerably higher. Very large.

NECTARINE-A smooth-skinned peach.

The freestone variety we have is fine eating and of an especially rich and distinctive flavor when

OUINCES-

They are very fine in preserves or jellies, also fine candied. Small trees with a lovely bloom.

PINEAPPLE—This fine variety is also deli-

GRAPES

Special New Hardy Varieties: 2 yr., \$1.00 each.

REUKA—Dark red, a new grape of exceptional aroma, quality and hardiness. American European hybrid.

SENECA—Extremely early white grape. Well bunched, productive, high in quality. Quite firm. BLACK MONUKKA—Excellent, vigorous, seedless, productive, enormous bunches. European American Hybrid.

SHERIDAN—A bigger, sweeter, better and more productive Concord. A few days later than Concord.

Other New Hardy Varieties of The concord.

Other New Hardy Varieties: \$.75 each

PORTLAND-Earliest white. Fine quality.

FREDONIA—Earliest Black eating grape. Growing in favor. N. Y. Exp. Sta. product.

CACO-Red American eating. Very fine in bunch, size and flavor.

GOLDEN MUSCAT-Golden red, of Muscat type and flavor. Large, productive and fine.

Other Hardy Varieties: \$.50 each

CONCORD, NIAGARA, WORDEN

EUROPEAN VARIETIES-2 yrs. (For sure crops cover in winter.)

RIBIER-Black, very large, new, early, fine, firm. MUSCAT-White, excellent eating grape.

THOMPSON SEEDLESS-White, fine eating or

FLAME TOKAY-Red, a favorite large grape.

EMPEROR-Late grape of excellent size and

LADY FINGER-Slender white grape. A favorite.

CURRANTS

RED LAKE—New, probably the largest sized and eariest picked of any currant. Very productive. Bright red, excellent flavor.

GOOSEBERRY

PIXWELL—A new berry of flavor, size and productivity. Nice eating direct from the bush ductivity. Nice when fully ripe.

BERRIES

BOYSENBERRY—This has rapidly become one of the favorite trailing berries. Very large and

THORNLESS BOYSENBERRY-Much like the original except a little sweeter and earlier.

THORNLESS DEWBERRY - A true thornless berry, as it comes thornless from roots as well as rooted branches.

EVERGREEN THORNLESS BLACKBERRY -This berry originated from a sport of the native Northwest blackberry. It demands highest prices on the market and yields tremendously.

RASPBERRIES-

INDIAN SUMMER-A new addition to the twocrop berries. Very early, large, dark, hardy and productive. For home use or local market. Sets another crop in late fall. Dark red, fine.

NEW WASHINGTON—This fine new berry has done exceptionally well at the experiment stations of this state and is rapidly increasing in use.

BLACK RASPBERRIES-

MORRISON—Probably the largest and the best of all the blackcaps. Productive.

STRAWBERRIES-

We list only a few that have proved most satisfactory in the Inland Empire.
BRIGHTMORE, NEW OREGON—Excellent single-crop berries

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES-

STREAMLINER — Originated near Enterprise, Oregon. Large and sweet everbearer. The first crop is very similar in production to single-crop berries. This makes it a real dual-purpose berry.

ROCKHILL-Description on front.

PLANTING BALLED TREES



remove burlap. Do not bounce ball or break dirt. Fill hole % full of top-soil and pack firmly. Water thoroughly. Fill and mulch. Use no manure unless well rotted, mixed with soil and then only as a surface mulch.

EVERGREENS

Due to the many sizes in evergreen we are not attempting to quote prices here but ask you to write for quotations or, better yet, come and see



In the "A" type evergreens the larger trees consist mostly of blue or green spruces, concolor firs and are used mostly for specimen planting.

The other groups all fit in well for foundation plantings. "B" and "C" are also used for tall hedges, backgrounds, groupings, etc. "D" and "E" make good borders or low hedges. Also fine for massed plantings and all foundation work

> SEE AT SALES YARD Tenth and Diagonal

HEDGE PLANTS

	25	50	100
BARBERRY, Thunbergi	\$10.00	\$17.50	\$40.00
ft: Little trimming. BARBERRY, Red	12.50	22.50	40.00
PRIVET, English— 2 to 3 ft PRIVET, Lodense—	10.00	17.50	32.50
12 to 15 in	12.50	22.50	40.00
ing hedges, borders. SPIREA, Van Houttei	10.00	17.50	32.50
GOLDEN PRIVET— Low grower	17.50	30.00	55.00

ROSES

2-year, field grown, Jumbo size.

In roses we handle only the best. All are two year, field grown, top-quality plants. Variety selections are made for free-blooming and beauty. \$1.00 each.

RED—
AMI QUINARD—Dark, rich garnet.
RED HOOVER—Vigorous, fine color.
SOUTHPORT—Brilliant scarlet.

THE DOCTOR—Fragrant, satiny pink, CYNTHIA—Oriental red to deep pink. YELLOW-

GLORIANA—A sensational yellow. GOLDEN RAPTURE—Bright golden. YELLOW SASTIGO—Very fine yellow sport.

TWO-TONE-MRS. SAM McGRADY-Coppery scarlet and

orange.
MME. JOS. PERRAUD—Shell pink to buff.
WHITE—

McGRADY'S IVORY—One of the best.
MARCIA STANHOPE—Excellent clear white.

PAULS SCARLET CLIMBER—An old favorite.
PATENT ROSES— BLAZE-Dark red, persistent blooming climber.

PEACE—Pat. No. 591—A grand new rose of great beauty. Pale yellow. \$2,00 each.
GOLDEN PYRAMID—A sub-zero climber.
Cadmium yellow, most vigorous. \$2.00 each.
TALLY HO—Pat. Pend.—Unique shades of pink and red. A. A. R. S. award for 1949.
\$2.50 each.
ROSE OF FREEDOM—Pat. No. 791—Portland award winner. Red, fragrant. \$1.50 each. \$1.50 each

ROSE OF FREEDOM—Pat. No. 791—Portland award winner. Red, fragrant. \$1.50 each. SUTTER'S GOLD—All America winner 1950. Long lasting bright yellow buds, rich with orange and red. Very fragrant.....\$2.50 each. FASHION—Pat. No. 789—Bright coral flowers overlaid with gold. All-season bloomer, singles and clusters. \$2.00 each.

We have other patented and non-patented roses

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

GUARANTEE—All stock is guaranteed to reach your shipping point in good growing condition, to be up to grade and to pass State Inspection. We cannot guarantee growth or be responsible for stock in any way after reaching destination. Any complaints must be made within 10 days.

NON WARRANTY—We will upon proper proof replace free of charge any stock proving untrue to label, or refund amount paid. However in common with other nurserymen we give no warranty, express or implied, as to productivity, quality, description or any other matter of any stock, plants or

SUBSTITUTIONS-Unless otherwise instructed we will endeavor to make substitutions of equal merit in case we cannot supply a variety as ordered.

PRICES—Subject to change without notice. F. O. B. Our shipping point, Lewiston, Idaho.

On small orders to be sent by mail, please add 10 per cent to cover cost of packing and mailing.

SALES TAX—If you live in the State of Washington, add 3 per cent Sales Tax on all Flowering Shrubs, Roses, Evergreens, Shade Trees, or other Landscape Material. No tax on Fruit Trees.

LYNN TUTTLE NURSERY Box 186 Clarkston, Wash.

Sales Yard-Tenth and Diagonal

We do not pay carrying charges but do include premium stock of our own selection of fruit trees and mixed

ORNAMENTAL TREES

Best kinds for the Inland Empire. Prices on Most of our fruit stocks are in the 4 · 6 ft. grade. larger or smaller sizes proportionate.

Large rapid growers:

KINGAN FRUITLESS MULBERRY

A selected male mulberry tree that bears no fruit. Large lusterous leaves, rapid growing, clean and not subject to pests or disease. About 8', \$3.50 each.

SYCAMORE—Very popular for street and other planting. Clean, broadly spread. 6-8' \$3.00.

Moderate sized or slower growing trees:

BIRCH—White. Graceful, disease free, tall growing and moderately narrow, 8 - 10 ft. \$4.00. BIRCH-Cut Leaf Weeping, 8 - 10 ft. \$5.00 HORSE CHESTNUT-White Flowering, \$3.50. HORSE CHESTNUT-Pink, 6 - 8 ft. \$7.00. MAPLE—Norway. Round head. Good form and color, 8 - 10 ft. \$3.00.

MAPLE—Red. A native American. Brilliant fall coloring, 8 - 10 ft. \$3.50.

MAPLE—Schwedler. Bronze leaves in spring turning to rich, dark green, 8 - 10 ft. \$3.50.

NEW!!! CRIMSON KING MAPLE

Plant Patent No. 735

The Schwedler Maple strain that holds its lor until Fall. 7-8 ft. \$6.00 Each color until Fall.

OAK-The Pin Oak is beautiful in form and has wonderfully brilliant fall colors. 6-8 ft. \$5.00. MOUNTAIN ASH-Red berries in fall, 8 . 10 ft. \$4.00.

GINKGO—Found in petrified forests in central Washington. More recently introduced to this country from China: Although a deciduous tree its rather broad leaves are really modified needles. Street or yard, 8 - 10 ft. \$4.00.

Small Flowering Trees:

HAWTHORN-Pauls Scarlet. Profuse bloomer. Heavy \$4.00.

Double White and Double Pink, these two varieties similar to Pauls Scarlet except for color, \$3.00 to \$4.00.

CHERRY—Flowering. Both regular tree form and the weeping varieties, branched heads, \$3.00.

CRAB Dolgo Flowering. Beautiful blooms followed by bright red crabapples, 5 · 6 ft. \$2.50. PLUM-Purple Leaf Flowering, 5.6 ft. \$2.50.

DOGWOOD-White Flowering, balled, 4.5 ft. \$5.00.

DOGWOOD—Pink Flowering. These are among the most beautiful of flowering trees, 4-5 ft., balled, \$7.50.

WHY NOT NUT TREES?

Yes, why not. Nut trees are beautiful, easily cared for, and clean. Nut trees root deeply and do not interfere with lawns and gardens. Nothing could be finer than a large Schafer Walnut with its rich, lustrous foliage and broad crown.

PRICES 1950

an excellent size for planting.

FRUIT TREES

APPLE, PEACH, PEAR, APRICOT, PLUM, PRUNE, NECTARINE, QUINCE.

Each 25 lots more 4 to 6 foot..... .\$1.25 \$.90 \$.75 Cherries ... 1.40 1.15

Specimen Trees 50c each higher Write for prices in lots of 500 or more. For special varieties see descriptions.

NUT TREES

Priced in Description

GRAPES (See description.)

BERRIES

each, in lots of

	each	25 to 50	100
Boysenberry\$.25	\$.20	\$.18
Nectarberry			
THORNLESS BERRIES			
Boysenberry	.30	.25	.22
Evergreen Blackberry	.50	.40	.35
Dewberry	.50	.40	.35
RASPBERRIES			
Morrison (black)	.25	.20	.18
Indian Summer	.25	.20	.18
New Washington	.20	.17	.15
STRAWBERRIES, single crop			
New Oregon, Brightmore			
and others	.05	.04	.03
STRAWBERRIES, everbearing	:		
Rockhill	.15	.13	.12
Streamliner	.06	.05	.04

MISCELLANEOUS

GOOSEBERRIES—Pixwell	.50
CURRANT—Red Lake, each	.50
ASPARAGUS—Mary Washington Per 50 Per 100	1.50 2.50
RHUBARB—Red and sweet, eachPer dozen	.30

Join the NORTHERN NUT GROWERS' ASSN.

for a wealth of interest and information. J. C. McDaniel, Secty., Dept. of Hort. State Exp. Sta., Nashville, Tenn.

LANDSCAPING

A fitting planting for your home or establishment is as important as paint.

We do landscape design. Write or call.

PLANT WALNUTS FOR FUTURE SECURITY. EAT THEM FOR HEALTH.